An Act to make provision as to the exploration and exploitation of the continental shelf of New Zealand and for matters connected with that purpose

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. Short Title—This Act may be cited as the Continental Shelf Act 1964.

2. Interpretation—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

“Continental shelf” means the seabed and subsoil of those submarine areas adjacent to the coast of New Zealand, but beyond the territorial limits of New Zealand, the surface of which lies at a depth no greater than two hundred metres below the surface of the sea, or, where the natural resources thereof are capable of exploitation, at any greater depth:

“Natural resources” means—

(a) The mineral and other natural non-living resources of the seabed and subsoil; and
(b) Living organisms belonging to sedentary species, that is to say, organisms which, at the harvestable stage, either are immobile on or under the seabed or are unable to move except in constant physical contact with the seabed or subsoil.

3. Exploration and exploitation of continental shelf—All rights that are exercisable by New Zealand with respect to the continental shelf and its natural resources for the purpose of exploring the shelf and exploiting those resources are hereby vested in the Crown.

4. Mining for petroleum on continental shelf—(1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) of this section, the provisions of the Petroleum Act 1937 (except section 3) and of any regulations made under that Act, as far as they are applicable and with any necessary modifications, shall apply with respect to petroleum (as defined in that Act) in the seabed and subsoil of the continental shelf, as if—

(a) Every reference in that Act or those regulations to land included a reference to the seabed (including, where necessary, the subsoil) of the continental shelf; and

(b) Every reference in that Act or in those regulations to New Zealand included a reference to the continental shelf; and

(c) The Minister of Marine were the appropriate Minister for the purposes of section 20; and

(d) The references in subsection (6) of section 33 and in section 34 of that Act to a district were references to the district in New Zealand nearest to the petroleum works or mining operations concerned.

(2) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, modify or exclude any of the provisions of the Petroleum Act 1937 to such extent as may be necessary for the purpose of giving full effect to the provisions of this section.

5. Mining for minerals on continental shelf—(1) No person shall prospect or mine for, or carry on any operations for the recovery of, minerals in the seabed or subsoil of the continental shelf except in pursuance of a licence issued under this section.
(2) The Minister of Mines may from time to time, on application in that behalf, grant to any person a licence authorising the licensee to prospect and mine for, and carry on operations for the recovery of, minerals or of minerals of any specified kinds in any specified area of the continental shelf.

(3) Every licence granted under this section shall be subject to such conditions as the Minister, when granting the licence, thinks fit to impose in the circumstances of each particular case, including, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing provisions of this section, conditions requiring the licensee—

(a) To comply with such conditions as to safety as are specified in the licence, and for this purpose the Minister may require the licensee to comply with all or any of the provisions as to safety of the Mining Act 1926 or the Coal Mines Act 1925 or of any regulations under either of those Acts, with such modifications as the Minister considers necessary:

(b) To pay to the Crown in respect of minerals recovered by the licensee from the continental shelf such royalties as are specified in the licence.

(4) The grant of a licence under this section shall in every case be in the absolute discretion of the Minister of Mines.

(5) Any number of licences under this section may be granted to the same person.

(6) Subject to the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, nothing in the Mining Act 1926 or in the Coal Mines Act 1925 shall apply with respect to minerals in the seabed or subsoil of the continental shelf.

(7) Every person commits an offence, and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, who prospects or mines for, or carries on operations for the recovery of, minerals in the seabed or subsoil of the continental shelf otherwise than pursuant to a licence under this section and in accordance with the conditions of the licence (not being a condition relating to the payment of royalties to the Crown).

6. Oysters, other shellfish, and sponges on continental shelf—(1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) of this section, the provisions of Part I of the Fisheries Act 1908 and of Part I of the Fisheries Amendment Act 1963 and of any regulations made pursuant to section 5 of the first-mentioned
Act, as far as they are applicable and with any necessary modifications, shall, to the extent that they apply with respect to oysters (as defined in section 2 of the first-mentioned Act) and to oyster beds within the territorial waters of New Zealand, apply with respect to oysters and oyster beds on the continental shelf and to persons taking oysters from the continental shelf and to ships used for that purpose, as if—

(a) Every reference in those provisions to New Zealand or to New Zealand waters included a reference to the continental shelf and to the waters of the sea above that shelf:

(b) For the words “tidal waters in New Zealand” in subsection (1) of section 15 there were substituted the words “any part of the continental shelf (as defined in the Continental Shelf Act 1964)”:

(c) For the words “the jurisdiction of the Government of New Zealand” in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 58 of the Fisheries Act 1908 and also for the words “such jurisdiction” in paragraph (b) of that subsection there were substituted in each case the words “the waters of the sea above the continental shelf (as defined in the Continental Shelf Act 1964)”.

(2) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council—

(a) Modify or exclude any of the provisions of the enactments referred to in subsection (1) of this section to such extent as may be necessary for the purposes of giving full effect to the provisions of that subsection:

(b) Declare that the provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall apply with respect to any other sedentary species of shellfish or to sedentary sponges.

7. Application of criminal and civil law—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, for the purposes of this Act and of every other enactment (whether passed before or after the passing of this Act) and of every rule of law for the time being in force in New Zealand,—

(a) Every act or omission which takes place on or under or above or about any installation or device (whether permanent or temporary) constructed, erected, placed, or used in, on, or above the continental shelf in connection with the exploration of
the continental shelf or the exploitation of its natural resources shall be deemed to take place in New Zealand; and

(b) Every such installation or device shall be deemed to be situated in New Zealand, and for the purposes of jurisdiction shall be deemed to be situated in that part of New Zealand above highwater mark at ordinary spring tides which is nearest to that installation or device; and

(c) Every Court in New Zealand which would have jurisdiction (whether civil or criminal) in respect of that act or omission if it had taken place in New Zealand shall have jurisdiction accordingly; and

(d) Every power of arrest or of entry or search or seizure or other power that could be exercised under any enactment (whether passed before or after the passing of this Act) or under any rule of law in respect of any such act or omission or suspected act or omission if it had taken place or was suspected to have taken place in New Zealand may be exercised on or in respect of any such installation or device as if the installation or device were in New Zealand; and

(e) Without limiting the provisions of the Customs Acts (as defined in the Customs Act 1913), every installation or device, and any materials or parts used in the construction of an installation or device, which are brought into the waters above the continental shelf from parts beyond the seas shall be deemed to have been imported into New Zealand when the installation or device is constructed, erected, or placed in, on, or above the continental shelf in connection with the exploration of the continental shelf or the exploitation of its natural resources.

(2) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council,—

(a) Modify or exclude any of the provisions of any enactment (whether passed before or after the passing of this Act) to such extent as may be necessary for the purpose of giving full effect to the provisions of subsection (1) of this section:

(b) Declare that the provisions of any enactment (whether passed before or after the passing of this Act), with such modifications or exceptions as he thinks fit,
shall apply with respect to the continental shelf or any specified part thereof, or to acts or omissions taking place in, on, or above the continental shelf or any specified part thereof, in connection with the exploration of the continental shelf or of that part or the exploitation of its natural resources, and thereupon the provisions of that enactment, with any such modifications or exceptions, shall apply as if the continental shelf or that part thereof were within New Zealand.

(3) Nothing in this section shall limit the provisions of any enactment or rule of law relating to the liability of persons in respect of acts done or omitted beyond New Zealand or the jurisdiction of any New Zealand Court under any such enactment or rule of law.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in any other enactment, proceedings for the trial and punishment of any person charged with having committed an offence in respect of which the Courts of New Zealand have jurisdiction by virtue only of this section shall not be instituted in any Court except with the consent of the Attorney-General and on his certificate that it is expedient that the proceedings should be instituted:

Provided that a person so charged may be arrested or a warrant for his arrest may be issued and executed, and he may be remanded in custody or on bail, notwithstanding that the consent of the Attorney-General to the institution of proceedings for the offence has not been obtained; but no further or other proceedings shall be taken until that consent has been obtained.

(5) In this section the term “device” includes any ship or floating platform or aircraft that is used in connection with any installation or device.

8. Regulations—(1) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, make regulations for all or any of the following purposes:

(a) Regulating the construction, erection, or use of installations or devices in, on, or above the continental shelf, or any specified part thereof, in connection with the exploration of the shelf or that part thereof or the exploitation of its natural resources:

(b) Prohibiting the construction, erection, placing, or use of installations or devices in, on, or above the continental shelf in places where they could cause
interference with the use of recognised sea lanes essential to coastwise or international navigation:

(c) Establishing safety zones, extending to a distance not exceeding five hundred metres measured from each point of the outer edge of the installation or device, around any such installations or devices in, on, or above the continental shelf:

(d) Prescribing such measures as the Governor-General considers necessary in any such safety zone for the protection of the installation or device with respect to which the safety zone is established:

(e) Regulating or prohibiting the entry of ships into any such safety zone:

(f) Prescribing measures to be taken in any such safety zone for the protection of the living resources of the sea and the natural resources of the continental shelf from harmful agents:

(g) Prescribing the notice to be given of the construction, erection, or placing of installations or devices in, on, or above the continental shelf:

(h) Prescribing the permanent means to be installed for the purpose of giving warning to shipping and aircraft of the presence of installations or devices in, on, or above the continental shelf:

(i) Providing for the removal of installations or devices constructed, erected, or placed in, on, or above the continental shelf which have been abandoned or become disused:

(j) Prohibiting or restricting any exploration of the continental shelf or any specified part thereof or any exploitation of its natural resources which in the opinion of the Governor-General could result in an unjustifiable interference with navigation, fishing, or the conservation of the living resources of the sea, or could interfere with national defence or with oceanographic or other scientific research or with submarine cables or pipelines:

(k) Providing for such matters as are necessary for giving full effect to the provisions of this Act and for the due administration thereof:

(l) Prescribing penalties for breaches of the regulations, not exceeding a fine of five hundred pounds.

(2) In this section the term "continental shelf" includes the seabed and subsoil of the submarine areas within the territorial limits of New Zealand.
9. Act in force in Cook Islands—(1) This Act, except sections 4 and 6, shall be in force in the Cook Islands.

(2) In the application of this Act to the Cook Islands—

(a) Every reference to New Zealand shall be read as a reference to the Cook Islands:

(b) Every reference in section 5 to the Minister of Mines shall be read as a reference to the Resident Commissioner of the Cook Islands or the Resident Commissioner of Niue, as the case may require:

(c) The powers conferred on the Governor-General in Council may be exercised by the Legislative Assembly of the Cook Islands or the Niue Island Assembly, as the case may require, by Ordinance.

This Act is administered in the Department of External Affairs.